## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in the application. Please amend claims 1, 5, 6, 8, 10 and 11 as indicated.

Claim 1 (currently amended): A process for the preparation of an ester of formula (1),

wherein

R<sup>1</sup> represents a leaving group, CN, OH or a COOR<sup>5</sup> group;

 $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $\mathbb{R}^4$  each independently represent a 1-3C 1-3 C alkyl group; and

R<sup>2</sup> COOR<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> COOR<sup>5</sup> each independently represent a 1-6C alkyl group or 6-12C aryl group an ester-residue,

comprising contacting the corresponding compound salt of formula (2),

$$R^3$$
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^1$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 

wherein

M represents H or an alkali or alkaline earth <u>metal</u>, <u>metal</u> with an acid chloride forming agent in an inert solvent to form the corresponding acid chloride, and contacting the acid chloride with an alcohol of formula R<sup>2</sup>OH in the presence of N-methylmorpholine.

Claim 2 (previously presented): The process according to claim 1, wherein M represents an alkali metal.

Claim 3 (previously presented): The process according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents an alkyl group.

Claim 4 (previously presented): The process according to claim 3, wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents a t-butyl group.

Claim 5 (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein the acid chloride forming agent is oxalyl chloride oxalylchloride.

Claim 6 (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein the acid chloride formation is performed in the presence of a catalyst selected from the group consisting of dimethylformamide (DMF) and N-methylpyrrolidone (NMP).

Claim 7 (previously presented): The process according to claim 1, wherein the amount of alcohol of formula R<sup>2</sup>OH is between 3 and 6 equivalents calculated with respect to the amount of salt with formula (2).

Claim 8 (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein

first-the compound salt-of formula (2) is converted into the corresponding acid chloride
and

subsequently, subsequently the acid chloride is contacted with the alcohol of formula

R<sup>2</sup>OH and N-methyl-morpholine.

Claim 9 (previously presented): The process according to claim 8, wherein the acid chloride is quenched with the alcohol of formula R<sup>2</sup>OH and N-methyl-morpholine.

Claim 10 (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, <u>further comprising converting</u> the ester of formula (1) wherein R<sup>1</sup> represents a leaving group, and wherein the ester of formula (1) is subsequently converted into the corresponding ester of formula (1) wherein R<sup>1</sup> represents an acyloxy group.

Claim 11 (currently amended): The process according to claim 10, wherein

first-the ester of formula (1), 1 wherein R<sup>1</sup> represents an acyloxy group, group-is

prepared and

subsequently, subsequently the ester of formula (1) is converted into the corresponding compound with formula (1) 1 wherein R<sup>1</sup> represents OH.